

Become more efficient at the command line with these handy Bash shortcuts.

HISTORY

Reverse search: `ctrl + r`
Rerun last command: `!!`
Reuse arguments from previous command: `!*`
Use last argument of last command: `!$`
nth argument: `!:2`
All the arguments: `!:1-$`
Last but n: `!-2:$`
Get the folder: `!$:h`
The current line: `!:1`
Search and replace: `!!:gs`
Allow multiple terminals to write to the history file: `shopt -s histappend`
List the most used history commands: `history | awk 'BEGIN {FS=[\t]+|\\""} {print $3}' | sort | uniq -c | sort -nr | head`

FILE AND NAVIGATION

```
cp /home/foo/reallylongname.cpp{,-old}  
cd -  
rename 's/text_to_find/been_renamed/' *.txt  
export CDPATH=/var/log:~ (variable is used with the cd built-in.)
```

COLOURIZE BASH

Enable colors
`eval `dircolors -b``

Force ls to always use color and type indicators
`alias ls='ls -hF --color=auto'`

Make the dir command work kinda like in windows (long format)
`alias dir='ls --color=auto --format=long'`

Make grep highlight results using color
`export GREP_OPTIONS='--color=auto'`

`export LESS_TERMCAP_mb=$'\E[01;31m'`
`export LESS_TERMCAP_md=$'\E[01;33m'`
`export LESS_TERMCAP_me=$'\E[0m'`
`export LESS_TERMCAP_se=$'\E[0m' # end the info box`
`export LESS_TERMCAP_so=$'\E[01;42;30m' # begin the info box`
`export LESS_TERMCAP_ue=$'\E[0m'`
`export LESS_TERMCAP_us=$'\E[01;36m'`

KEYBOARD SHORTCUTS

Corrects typos: `shopt -s cdspell`
Undo: `ctrl + _`
Move forward a word: `ctrl + arrow`
Move cursor to start: `ctrl + a`
Move cursor to end: `ctrl + e`
Cuts everything after the cursor: `ctrl + k`
Clears screen: `ctrl + l`
Resume command that is in the foreground: `ctrl + q`
Pause a long running command in the foreground: `ctrl + s`
Swap two characters: `ctrl + t`
Cuts everything before the cursor: `ctrl + u`
Opens the command string in an editor so that you can edit it before it runs: `ctrl + x + ctrl + e`
Expand glob/star: `ctrl + x + *`
Move to the opposite end of the line: `ctrl + xx`
Pastes from the buffer: `ctrl + y`
Copy/paste into terminal: `ctrl + shift + c/v`

RUNNING COMMANDS IN SEQUENCE

Run second command if the first is successful: `&&`
Run second command regardless of success of first one: `;`

EXAMINE EXECUTABLE

`which <command>`
`file <path/to/file>`
`command -V <some command binary> (tells you whether <some binary> is a built-in, binary or alias)`
Topics
LinuxBash

REDIRECTING I/O

Redirect stdout and stderr to a file: `2>&1`

INFO

[1] <https://opensource.com/article/18/5/bash-tricks>
[2] <https://opensource.com/article/19/10/bash-history-shortcuts>

CHECK FOR OPEN PORTS

```
echo > /dev/tcp/<server ip>/<port>  
`` (use back ticks to shell out)
```